Charters of Demands submitted by the Workers's representatives for the 1983 Wage Agreement, the items concerning retiral benefits was also discussed and as recorded in the Notes of Conclusions on 27th March, 1983 it was agreed in principle to evolve a retiring benefit scheme. But discussions on all the charters of demands considered and a comprehensive Wage Agreement was signed by the National Joint Committee for the Steel Industry on May 25, 1983; this did not include the item on the retiral benefits scheme. It is the provisions of this final agreement that are to be implemented.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

(e) Yes, Sir.

(f) The workers' representatives did not agree with the approach of the employers' representatives on these issues.

Standard of English among the IAS & IPS Candidates

547. SHRI R. MOHANARANGAM: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of persons who have passed the Indian Administrative Service and Indian Police Service Examinations held during the current year, State-wise; and

(b) whether it is a fact that the standard of English among the candidates who appear for the IAS/IPS Examinations is declining every year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. VENKATASUBBAIAH): (a) The results of the Civil Services Examination, 1984, recruitment through which is made, *inter-alia* to the I.A.S. and I.P.S., will be known only in 1985. Although the results of the Civil Services Examination, 1983 have been published, the process of allocation of successful candidates to various Services is yet to be completed. However, the State-wise break-up of persons, on the basis of domicile who were appointed to the Indian Administrative Service or the Indian Police Service, as the case may be on the results of Civil Services Examination, 1982, is furnished in the enclosed statement.

(b) Since 1979, when the new scheme of Civil Services Examination was introduced, the compulsory paper "English" is of matriculation or equivalent standard and is of qualifying nature; the marks obtained in this paper are not counted for ranking. Besides, candidates also have the option to answer all the question papers, except the language papers, in any one of the languages included in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution or in English. No assessment has been made regarding the impact of these changes on the standard of English among the candidates who appear for the I.A.S./I.P.S.

Statement

State-wise break-up of persons on the basis of domicile who were appointed to the Indian Administrative Service or the Indian Police Service as the case may be, on the results of Civil Services Examination, 1982

Sl.	Name of State	I.A.S.	I.P.S.
1	Andhra Pradesh	9	5
2	Assam . .	..	1
3	Bihar . .	20	13
4	Gujarat . .	..	..
5	Haryana . .	8	5
6	Himachal Pradesh	1	1
7	Jammu & Kashmir . .	1	..
8	Karnataka .	5	1
9	Kerala . .	6	4
10	Madhya Pradesh	2	2
11	Maharashtra . .	3	2
12	Manipur . .	1	..

Sl.	Name of State	I.A.S.	I.P.S.
13	Orissa . .	6	5
14	Punjab . .	10	6
15	Rajasthan. .	17	2
16	Tamil Nadu .	11	7
17	Uttar Pradesh .	28	11
18	West Bengal .	5	1
19	Union Territories	21	6
20	Meghalaya .	..	..
21	Nagaland .	..	..
22	Sikkim . .	..	..
23	Tripura . .	..	..
	TOTAL	154	72

Prior approval of the State Governments for Industries of Highly Polluting Nature

548. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the approval of the State Governments from the environmental ang'e has been made compulsory for industries of a highly polluting nature;

(b) whether it is also a fact that a letter of intent is permitted to be converted into an industrial licence after clearance of the competent State authority of the site from the environment angle;

(c) whether it is a fact that entrepreneurs are required to ensure to the competent authorities for installation of appropriate equipment and also implementation of prescribed measures for the prevention and control of pollution;

(d) if so, what are the other measures proposed to be taken to prevent pollution from the industrial affluents;

(e) what are the industries which are considered to be highly polluted; and

(f) what remedial steps are being taken in this regard?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT (SHRI DIGVIJAY SINH): (a) to (c) Yes, Madam.

(d) Through the provisions of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, steps are being taken to prevent pollution from the industrial effluents.

(e) A list is enclosed.

(f) As in part (d) above.

Statement

A List of Polluting Industries

(i) Cement
(ii) Sugar
(iii) Distillery, Brewery, Maltry
(iv) Integrated Steel Plant
(v) Man-made fibre
(vi) Fertiliser
(vii) Textile
(viii) Caustic Soda
(ix) Pharmaceuticals
(x) Thermal Power Plant
(xi) Petrochemicals
(xii) Pesticides
(xiii) Oil Refinery
(xiv) Pulp and Paper
(xv) Non-ferrous Metallargy
(xvi) Chemical Industry
(xvii) Metal Finishing Industry
(xviii) Dairy and dairy products
(xiv) Vegetable Oils and Vanaspati industry.
(xx) Processing of Animal and Vegetable or Agricultural products (including processing of Food and Beverage) Industries.